Seat No.: 00606

# **AS-125**

### April-2024

## B.B.A., Sem.-II

# DSC-M-BBA-123: Cost Accounting

Time	e: 2:00 Hours]	[Max. Marks: 50
1.	What is Cost Accounting? Discuss the advantages of Cost Accounting.  OR	10
1.	<ul><li>(A) Explain any five objectives of Cost Accounting in brief.</li><li>(B) Discuss any two methods of costing with examples.</li></ul>	5 5

2. ABC Ltd. manufactured and sold 5,000 units of clocks in the year 2022-23. The details of the same are as under:

<b>Particulars</b>	₹		
Cost of materials	4,00,000		
Direct Wages	6,00,000		
Manufacturing expenses	2,50,000		
Administrative expenses	4,50,000		
Selling expenses	1,50,000		
Total Sales	20,00,000		

For the year 2023-24, it is estimated that:

- (1) The company will manufacture and sell 6,000 units of clocks.
- (2) Price of material will rise by 20% on the previous year's level.
- (3) Wages will rise by 5%.
- (4) Manufacturing expenses will rise by 10%.
- (5) Selling expenses per unit will remain unchanged.
- (6) Other expenses will remain unaffected by the rise in the output.

# Prepare:

- (1) A Cost Sheet for the year 2022-23,
- (2) Estimated cost sheet for the year 2023-24, showing the per unit and total cost. Also at what price the company should sell its clock if profit of 10% on cost price is to be earned.

#### OR

- 2. (A) Write a short note on : Tender Price.
  - (B) Give the proforma of a Cost Sheet with imaginary figures.

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Dr. Trading and Profit & Loss Account Cr.				
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹	
To Materials	2,00,000	By Sales	•	
To Direct Wages		(13,500 units)	5 00 000	
To Factory Expenses		By Finished stock	5,00,000	
To Gross Profit	1,40,000	(1,500 units)	40,000	
*	5,40,000		40,000	
To Office Expenses	-		5,40,000	
1	70,000	By Gross Profit	1,40,000	
To Selling &		By Interest	-,,	
Distribution Expenses	45,000	Received	2,000	
To Preliminary		By Dividend	2,000	
expenses written off	20,000			
To Goodwill written	20,000	Received	2,000	
		By Rent Received	2,000	
off	1,000			
To Net Profit	10,000	1		
	1,46,000		1,46,000	

The cost accounts give following information:

- (1) Materials and wages are taken at their cost price.
- (2) Factory expenses are taken as 50% of wages.
- (3) Office expenses have been charged at 20% of Factory cost.
- (4) Selling & Distribution expenses at the rate of ₹ 3 per unit.

## Prepare:

3.

- (1) Cost Sheet
- (2) Reconciliation Statement

### OR

- 3. (A) Discuss the causes of difference in profit as per cost and financial accounts.
  - (B) Net Profit shown by the Profit & Loss a/c of Neela Ltd. is ₹ 5,00,000. Prepare Reconciliation statement and find out profit as per cost accounts after considering the following information:

		₹
(1)	Discount on debentures	6,250
(2)	Dividend Received	28,750
(3)	Interest paid	12,500
(4)	Over valued closing stock in Financial Account	29,500

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4.		yorkman allowe job in actual 60 yorker by follow		omplete a wages is	job on daily time w 15 per hour. Calcu	vages and he completes alate the wages payable	10-
	(1)	Halsey Plan					10
	(2)	Rowan Plan					
	(3) Piece Wage System						
		OR					
4.	(A)	The following	are the transact	tions receip	ots and issues of an	item of raw material:	5
		Date	Particulars	Units	Price per unit ₹		
		1/3/2024	Purchases	300	3		
		4/3/2024	Purchases	600	4		
		6/3/2024	Issued	500	_		
		10/3/2024	Purchases	700	5		
		15/3/2024	Issued	800	_		
		Prepare Stock	Register, assum	ing that th	e issues are priced	by FIFO method.	
4.	(B)			? Discuss	s any two methods	of computing Labour	
		Turnover Rate	<b>.</b>				5
5.	Do :	as Directed: (Ar	v ten)		-		10
	(1)	1		. (	per litre/ per barrel	)	10
	(2) Marginal cost is known as variable cost. (True/False)					,	
	(3)	State any one	limitations of Co	ost Accour	nting.		
	(4) What would be prime cost, if direct material is ₹ 30,000 and direct ₹ 20,000? (₹ 50,000 / ₹ 10,000)					and direct labour is	
	(5)	item	is not shown in	cost sheet.	(Interest/ Direct M	laterial)	
	Works Cost + Administrative overheads= Production Cost. (True/False)						
	(7) Provision for taxation is recorded in accounts. (Cost/ Financial)						
	8)	8) When loss as per Cost Accounts is ₹ 40,000 and Goodwill written off is ₹4,000, the loss as per the financial book would be (₹44,000/ ₹36,000)					
	(9) If total cost is ₹ 3,00,000 and profit is ₹ 30.000, then what is the percentage of profit on cost? (10% / 11%)					at is the percentage of	
	(40)	Write the full f					
	(11)	Write the form	ula of Time W	age Systen	n.		
	(12)	TCM ( man)	is efficient lab	Our furno	ver rate can	. (reduce/increase)	